Segments Defined as Divisions

		Divisions		
	Total Company	Business Products Division	Consumer Products Division	
Sales	\$500,000	\$300,000	\$200,000	
Variable expenses: Variable cost of goods sold Other variable expenses	180,000 50,000	120,000 30,000	60,000 20,000	
Total variable expenses	230,000	150,000	80,000	
Contribution margin	270,000 171,000	150,000 90,000	120,000 81,000	
Divisional segment margin	99,000	\$ 60,000	\$ 39,000	
traceable to individual divisions	85,500			
Net operating income	\$ 13,500			

Segments Defined as Product Lines of the Consumer Products Division

	Consumer	Produ	uct Line
	Products Division	Clip Art	Computer Games
Sales	\$200,000	\$75,000	\$125,000
Variable expenses:			
Variable cost of goods sold	60,000	20,000	40,000
Other variable expenses	20,000	5,000	15,000
Total variable expenses	80,000	25,000	55,000
Contribution margin	120,000	50,000	70,000
Traceable fixed expenses	70,000	30,000	40,000
Product-line segment margin	50,000	\$20,000	\$ 30,000
Common fixed expenses not	an a		À
traceable to individual product lines	11,000 -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Divisional segment margin	\$ 39,000		

Segments Defined as Sales Channels for One Product Line, Computer Games, of the Consumer Products Division

		Sales C	nannels	
	Computer Games	Online Sales	Retail Stores	
Sales	\$125,000	\$100,000	\$25,000	
Variable expenses: Variable cost of goods sold Other variable expenses	40,000 15,000	32,000 5,000	8,000 10,000	
Total variable expenses	55,000	37,000	18,000	
Contribution margin Traceable fixed expenses	70,000 25,000	63,000 15,000	7,000 10,000	
Sales-channel segment margin	45,000	\$ 48,000	\$ (3,000)	
Common fixed expenses not traceable to individual sales channels	15,000			
Product-line segment margin	\$ 30,000			

Lecture

Review Problem 2: Segmented Income Statements

The business staff of the law firm Frampton, Davis & Smythe has constructed the following report that breaks down the firm's overall results for last month into two business segments—family law and commercial law:

	Company Total	Family Law	Commercial Law
Revenues from clients	\$1,000,000	\$400,000	\$600,000
Variable expenses	220,000	100,000	120,000
Contribution margin	780,000	300,000	480,000
Traceable fixed expenses	670,000	280,000	390,000
Segment margin	110,000	20,000	90,000
Common fixed expenses	60,000	24,000	
Net operating income (loss)	\$ 50,000	<u>\$ (4,000)</u>	\$ 54,000

However, this report is not quite correct. The common fixed expenses such as the managing partner's salary, general administrative expenses, and general firm advertising have been allocated to the two segments based on revenues from clients.

Required:

- 1. Redo the segment report, eliminating the allocation of common fixed expenses. Would the firm be better off financially if the family law segment were dropped? (Note: Many of the firm's commercial law clients also use the firm for their family law requirements such as drawing up wills.)
- 2. The firm's advertising agency has proposed an ad campaign targeted at boosting the revenues of the family law segment. The ad campaign would cost \$20,000, and the advertising agency claims that it would increase family law revenues by \$100,000. The managing partner of Frampton, Davis & Smythe believes this increase in business could be accommodated without any increase in fixed expenses. Estimate the effect this ad campaign would have on the family law segment margin and on the firm's overall net operating income.
- 3. Compute the companywide break-even point in dollar sales and the dollar sales required for each business segment to break even.

EXERCISE 6–11 Segmented Income Statement

Wingate Company, a wholesale distributor of electronic equipment, has been experiencing losses for some time, as shown by its most recent monthly contribution format income statement, which follows:

Fixed expenses		625,000
		610,000
Variable expenses		390,000
Sales	\$1	,000,000
	Variable expenses	Variable expenses

In an effort to isolate the problem, the president has asked for an income statement segmented by division. Accordingly, the Accounting Department has developed the following information:

Division			
East	Central	West	
\$250,000 +	\$400,000+	\$350,000 =	= 1,000,000
52% \$160,000	30% \$200,000	40% \$175,000	
	\$250,000 + 52%	\$250,000 + \$400,000 + 52% 30%	\$250,000 + \$400,000 + \$350,000 - 52% 30% 40%

Required:

- 1. Prepare a contribution format income statement segmented by divisions, as desired by the president.
- 2. As a result of a marketing study, the president believes that sales in the West Division could be increased by 20% if monthly advertising in that division were increased by \$15,000. Would you recommend the increased advertising? Show computations to support your answer.

Exercise 6-7 Segmented Income Statement [LO6-4]

Shannon Company segments its income statement into its North and South Divisions. The company's overall sales, contribution margin ratio, and net operating income are \$600,000, 50%, and \$50,000, respectively. The North Division's contribution margin and contribution margin ratio are \$150,000 and 75%, respectively. The South Division's segment margin is \$70,000. The company has \$60,000 of common fixed expenses that cannot be traced to either division.

Required:

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Prepare an income statement for Shannon Company that uses the contribution format and is segmented by divisions. (Round your percentage answers to 1 decimal place (i.e. .1234 should be entered as 12.3))

	Total Company		North		South	
	Dollars	Percentage	Dollars	Percentage	Dollars	Percentage
Sales Variable Expenses	600,000	100%				
Contribution Margin Traceable Fixed Expenses		50%	150,000	75%		
Territorial Segment Margin					70,000	
Common Fixed Expenses	(60,000)					
Net Operating Income	50,000					